

As a result of the commitment to electricity grids in an environment of increasing electrification

Electricity distributed by Iberdrola grows by 6.3% in June

- *Electrification leads to an increase in distributed electricity in all the countries in which the Group operates*
- *Of note is the 32.6% increase in the United Kingdom thanks to higher demand and the positive impact of the integration of Electricity North West*
- *Iberdrola's generation capacity grows by nearly 4% to 56,827 MW*
- *Production reaches 61,318 GWh driven by increases in the United Kingdom (+27%) and the United States (+8%)*

Distributed Energy

The electricity distributed by Iberdrola globally increased by 6.3% in the first half of 2026, reaching 136,648 gigawatt hours (GWh), due to the increase in demand and the progress of electrification.

Distributed electricity increased in all the geographical areas in which the Group operates, with the United Kingdom being particularly noteworthy, where it grew by 32.6%, driven by the integration of Electricity North West.

Generation capacity

Generation capacity increased by nearly 4% to 56,827 megawatts (MW), representing an additional 2,300 MW.

The main increases in capacity have been recorded in wind technologies (onshore and offshore), in which they have added more than 1,400 MW, followed by solar (+1,000 MW). Battery capacity grew by 117% thanks to new operational projects in Spain and Australia.

By geographical area, the increase in power (23.2%) in Continental Europe and Australia stands out, where more than 1,000 MW have been added, mainly in onshore wind in countries such as Australia, Greece and Portugal and solar in Germany or Italy. Meanwhile, in the United States, nearly 800 MW have been added in the last 12 months, an increase of

7.3%, in the United Kingdom capacity increased by 400 MW and in Spain capacity grows by about 600 MW.

Production

Iberdrola's production reached 61,318 gigawatt hours (GWh) in the first half of 2026, almost 1% more, thanks to the 2% increase recorded in the second quarter. By technology, offshore wind stands out, increasing by 23%, and by markets, the highest growth was recorded in the United Kingdom (+27.3%), the United States (+8%) and the rest of the world (+11.5%).

With regard to Spain, production reached 32,732 GWh, in line with last year. After producing more than 12,000 GWh hydroelectric, reserves remain at levels close to the historical record as of June 30, with more than 8,200 GWh stored, thanks to pumping capacity.

About Iberdrola

With a capitalisation of more than 140,000 million euros, Iberdrola is the largest electricity company in Europe and one of the two largest in the world. The Group serves more than 100 million people worldwide and has a workforce of 45,400 employees and assets of €161 billion. In 2025, Iberdrola recorded a record net profit of €6,285 million. The company provides nearly €10.4 billion in tax contributions in the countries in which it operates and supports more than 500,000 jobs across the supply chain, thanks to €13.2 billion in purchases from tens of thousands of suppliers.

Since 2001, Iberdrola has invested more than 175,000 million euros in electricity grids, renewable energies and energy storage to contribute to the creation of an energy model based on electrification. The company has nearly 1.4 million km of electricity grids in the United States (New York states, New York states, New York Connecticut, Maine and Massachusetts), the United Kingdom (Scotland, England and Wales), Brazil (states of Bahia, Rio Grande do Norte, Pernambuco, São Paulo and Mato Grosso do Sul, as well as Brasília) and Spain, as well as with almost 57,000 MW of capacity worldwide, of which more than 46,000 MW are renewable.